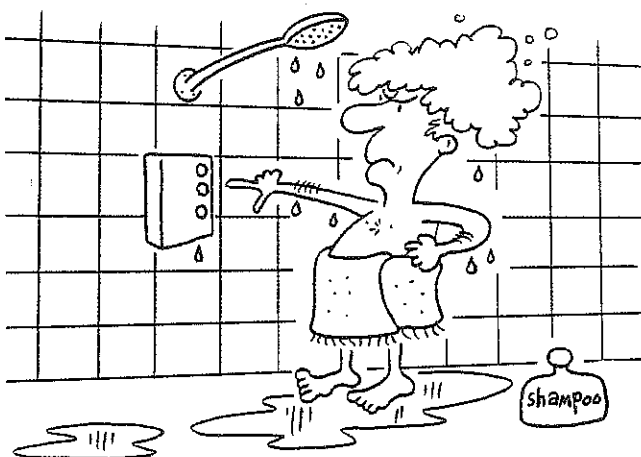


Circle the correct answer, a, b, or c.

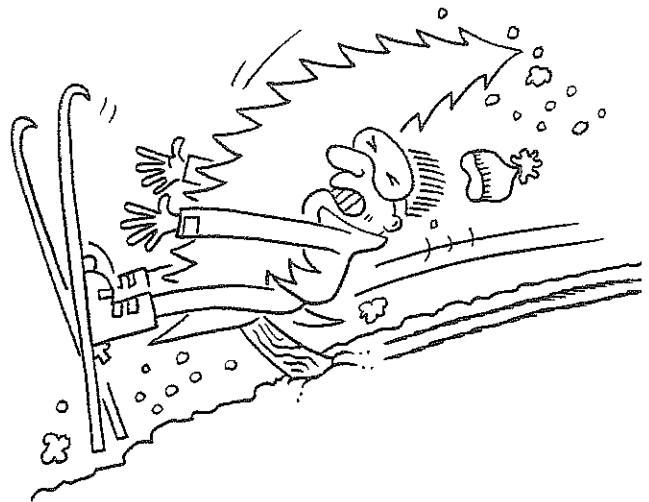


- 1 My brother _____ a job at the moment.
a hasn't b don't have **c doesn't have**
- 2 _____ Mr S Roberts live here?
a Does b Is c Do
- 3 My dad _____ at the university.
a teaches b teaches c teach
- 4 I _____ to the cinema with Katie tonight. I've bought the tickets.
a go b will go c 'm going
- 5 I _____ back from New York this morning.
a flied b flown c flew
- 6 He didn't _____ the holiday very much.
a like b liked c likes



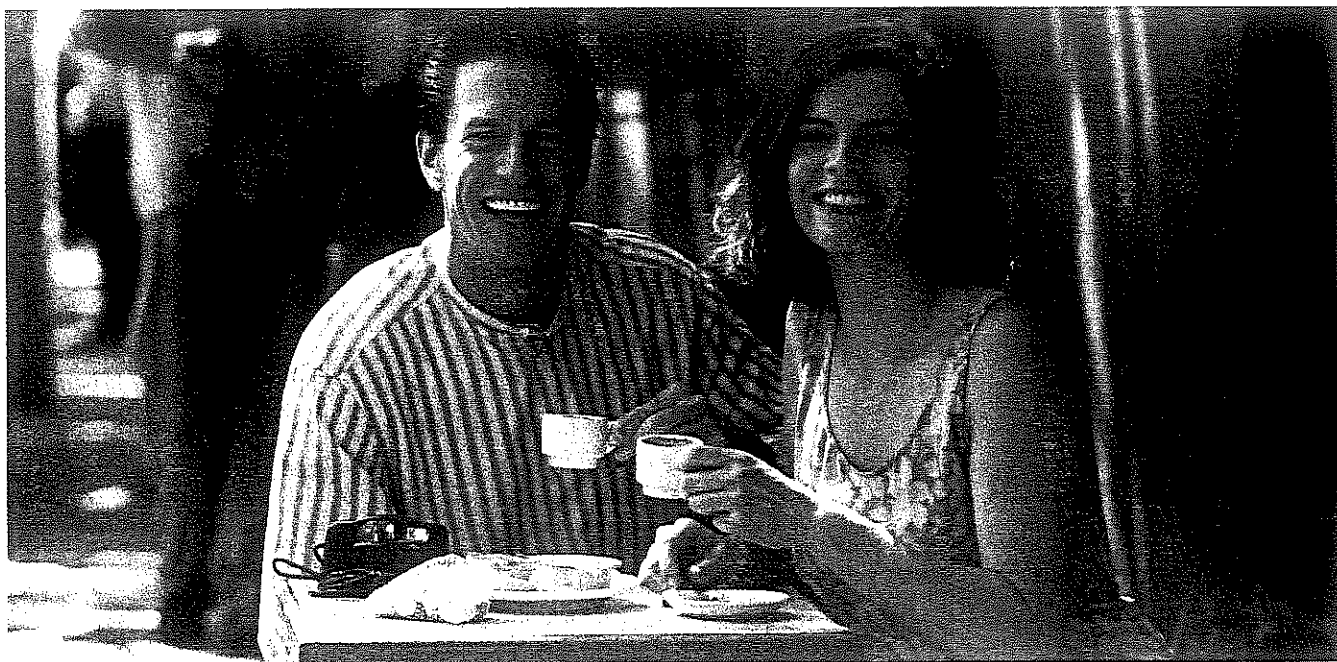
- 7 I _____ a shower when the water stopped working.
a had b was having c were having
- 8 A I'm thirsty.
B _____ get you a drink?
a Will I b Am I going to c Shall I

- 9 A I have a new mobile.
B I'm sure you _____ it, just like your last one.
a 'll lose b 're losing c lose
- 10 A Would you like something to eat?
B No, thanks, _____ lunch.
a I've already had b I already have had c I've had already
- 11 Have you ever _____ to Paris?
a been b gone c went
- 12 The traffic is _____ than it used to be.
a badder b worse c more bad



- 13 Cycling isn't as dangerous _____ skiing.
a as b than c that
- 14 What _____ you do if there was a snake in your room?
a will b would c did
- 15 I'll come to your party if I _____ work early enough.
a finish b will finish c finished
- 16 You drive much _____ than me.
a slowly b slower c more slowly
- 17 If I _____ you, I'd look for a new job.
a was b am c were
- 18 My bike _____ last week.
a is stolen b was stolen c stole
- 19 We were too late. When we arrived at the station, the train _____.
a already left b had already left c has already left
- 20 'I love you.' He said he _____ her.
a loved b love c is loving

- a Read about Maria José. Then look at the **bold** phrases. Tick (✓) the sentences that are right and correct the wrong ones.



My name's Maria José. I'm **26** and I'm from Brazil.
 I **am born** in São Paulo and I live there all my life.
 I'm married. **My husband name's Pedro**. He's from São Paulo, too.
 We **don't have some children**. We live with Pedro's parents in
 their flat, and I **get on with them** very well, but
 we'd like **having** our own place. We are **looking a flat for** at
 the moment. I **work for** a bank and **Pedro is** engineer.
 We both **work very hardly**, but we **don't have do** the housework.
 Pedro's parents are retired, so **they look after** the house.
 I don't have **many free time**, but when I have the chance
 I **enjoy listening** to music. I **used to play** the piano,
 but now I **don't have time enough**. I'm learning English because
 I need it for my job. My speaking is OK, but I **want be**
 better at writing. I **have to write** letters and emails in English
 and I **make often mistakes**.
 Next summer I'm **going to go to** the USA **for do** a finance course.

- | | | |
|----|-------------------|----|
| 1 | ✓ | |
| 2 | <i>I was born</i> | 3 |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | | |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | | 8 |
| 9 | | 10 |
| 11 | | 12 |
| 13 | | |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | | 16 |
| 17 | | |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | | 22 |

- b Write a similar paragraph about yourself, where you live, your work and / or studies, your hobbies, and why you are learning English.

a Circle the correct form of the verbs.

- NOEMI ¹What **do you study** / are you studying ?
 VICTOR Political Science.
 NOEMI ²I **do** / I'm **doing** Social Anthropology. Where
³**do you come** / are you **coming** from?
 VICTOR I'm from Coimbra, in Portugal.
 NOEMI How many hours of classes ⁴**do you have** / are you
having a day?
 VICTOR ⁵**It depends** / It's **depending** on the day, but usually
 four. ⁶**Do you go** / Are you **going** to the party tonight?
 NOEMI ⁷**Do you mean** / Are you **meaning** the one for new
 students? I can't, because ⁸**I need** / I'm **needing** to get
 organized tonight. ⁹**I move** / I'm **moving** to a rented
 flat tomorrow.
 VICTOR Where ¹⁰**do you live** / are you **living** at the moment?
 NOEMI ¹¹**I stay** / I'm **staying** in a bed and breakfast.
 VICTOR What ¹²**do you do** / are you **doing** on Sunday
 afternoon? If you ¹³**want** / are **wanting**, we could meet
 and look around the city.
 NOEMI ¹⁴**I meet** / I'm **meeting** some friends in the afternoon.
 What about Sunday morning?
 VICTOR Fine. Where shall we meet?

**b** Complete the dialogues with the correct form of the verbs:
present simple or present continuous.

- DRIVER So, What ¹ are you doing (do) here in Chicago, mister?
 MAN I ² _____ (visit) some clients.
 DRIVER Where are you from? You ³ _____ (not mind) me
 asking, do you?
 MAN Not at all. From Incheon, in Korea.
 DRIVER Good place to be! Me, I'm from Idaho. How long
⁴ _____ (stay) here?
 MAN Three days. I ⁵ _____ (go) home on Saturday.
 DRIVER OK. Hey, ⁶ _____ (like) steak? ⁷ _____
 (know) where the best steak in all of America
⁸ _____ (come) from? That's right – Idaho!



- POLICEMAN What ⁹ _____ (do) here?
 JOSH Nothing. Why?
 POLICEMAN We ask the questions here.
 JOSH We ¹⁰ _____ (wait) for someone.
 POLICEMAN Where ¹¹ _____ (live)?
 JOSH 151 Churchill Road.
 POLICEMAN What are your names?
 JOSH I'm Josh and he's my brother, Wayne. We
¹² _____ (not do) anything illegal, are we?
 POLICEMAN ¹³ _____ (carry) any form of identification?
 JOSH Yes. I ¹⁴ _____ (have) my driving licence.
¹⁵ _____ (want) to see it? Here!
 POLICEMAN It ¹⁶ _____ (say) Dean Allen on this licence.
 JOSH Does it? Oh yes, it's my dad's.



- a** Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets: past simple, past continuous, or past perfect.

My exam **nightmare**

I ¹ woke up (wake up) on the morning of the maths exam with a horrible feeling in my stomach. I knew that I ² _____ (not study) enough the night before and that I was going to fail.

When I left home it ³ _____ (rain) and there was a lot of traffic. I ⁴ _____ (arrive) five minutes late and the exam ⁵ _____ (already / start). I sat down quickly and looked at the questions. I ⁶ _____ (not can) answer any of them! It was the most difficult exam the teacher ⁷ _____ (ever / give) us.

I ⁸ _____ (sit) next to one of my friends called Sophie and I could see that she ⁹ _____ (write) very quickly. She was great at maths. Suddenly I had an idea. I ¹⁰ _____ (look) at the teacher, Mr Everitt. He ¹¹ _____ (stand) by the window and he ¹² _____ (not look) at us. I wrote a message on a piece of paper and ¹³ _____ (throw) it to Sophie. It said 'I need help.' Sophie ¹⁴ _____ (already / finish) the exam. She copied the answers on a piece of paper and quickly passed it to me.



The following day Mr Everitt ¹⁵ _____ (call) us both to his room. We saw that he ¹⁶ _____ (hold) my exam paper, and Sophie's, too. He told us that we ¹⁷ _____ (both / fail) the exam. We ¹⁸ _____ (write) exactly the same answers for every question, including several wrong answers.

- b** Cover the text and try to remember the story.

- Circle the best answer. Sometimes two answers are possible.

- 1 A _____?
B Tomorrow. My flight is in the morning.
a When will you leave
b When are you leaving
c When are you going to leave
- 2 A You must bring the money tomorrow.
B Don't worry, _____.
a I'm not forgetting
b I'm not going to forget
c I won't forget
- 3 A Do you have any plans for tonight?
B Yes, _____.
a I'll meet some friends
b I'm going to meet some friends
c I'm meeting some friends
- 4 A The interviews for the new manager were yesterday.
B I think _____.
a Bob is getting the job
b Bob is going to get the job
c Bob will get the job
- 5 A This suitcase is too heavy for me.
B _____.
a I'll carry it for you
b I'm carrying it for you
c I'm going to carry it for you
- 6 A What would you like to drink?
B _____.
a I'll have a cappuccino, please
b I'm going to have a cappuccino, please
c I'm having a cappuccino, please

- 7 A Here's my email address.
B Thanks. _____ tomorrow.
a I'm going to send you the photos
b I'm sending you the photos
c I'll send you the photos
- 8 A _____ this weekend?
B No, I have to work on Saturday.
a Are you going to go away
b Will you go away
c Are you going away
- 9 A England are playing Brazil tomorrow.
B I'm sure _____.
a they'll lose
b they're losing
c they're going to lose
- 10 A My train arrives at 2.15.
B OK, _____ by the information desk.
a I'll meet you
b I'm going to meet you
c I'm meeting you
- 11 A What time does the film start?
B I don't know. _____ phone the cinema and check?
a Will I
b Am I going to
c Shall I
- 12 A Do I need to bring an umbrella?
B No, I don't think _____.
a it rains
b it'll rain
c it's going to rain



- 11-12 **Excellent.** You can use different future forms very well.
- 7-10 **Quite good,** but check the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.130) for any questions that you got wrong.
- 0-6 **This is difficult for you.** Read the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.130). Then ask your teacher for another photocopy and do the exercise again at home.

a Circle the correct verbs.

STEVE So, where shall we go for our honeymoon?

NATALIE I don't know. ¹Have you ever **been** / gone to Thailand?

STEVE Yes, ²I've **been** / I went there twice.

NATALIE I didn't know that. When ³have you **been** / **did you go** there?

STEVE The year after I ⁴have **finished** / finished university.

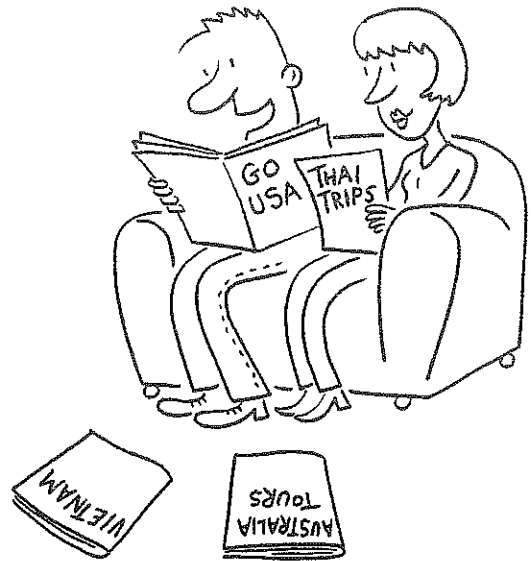
NATALIE What about Vietnam?

STEVE ⁵I've **already been** / I already went there, too.

NATALIE Yes? Who ⁶have you **been** / **did you go** with?

STEVE With an ex-girlfriend. But we only ⁷have **been** / **went** to Hanoi. Let's go there.

NATALIE No, let's go somewhere else.

**b** Complete the dialogues with the correct form of the verbs in brackets: past simple or present perfect.

A ¹ Have you taught (you / teach) English abroad before, Mr Cooper?

B Yes, I ² _____ (teach) from 2001 to 2003 in Saudi Arabia, and I ³ _____ (just / come back) from a six-month job in Bahrain.

A How long ⁴ _____ (you / be) a language teacher?

B For eight years. Before that I ⁵ _____ (be) a state school teacher for two years.

A Do you have any post-graduate qualifications?

B I ⁶ _____ (start) a part-time MA at Aston University two years ago, but I ⁷ _____ (not finish) it yet.



A How long ⁸ _____ (you / be) married, Dave?

B Ten years. Anna and I ⁹ _____ (have) our anniversary last month.

A Where ¹⁰ _____ (you / meet) Anna? At work?

B No, we ¹¹ _____ (go) to the same school. We ¹² _____ (know) each other since we were five years old. What about you?

A I'm divorced. I ¹³ _____ (get) divorced last year.

B How long ¹⁴ _____ (you / be) married?

A Only three years.

B So you're on your own now?

A Yes, but I ¹⁵ _____ (just / meet) someone new. We're going out this weekend.

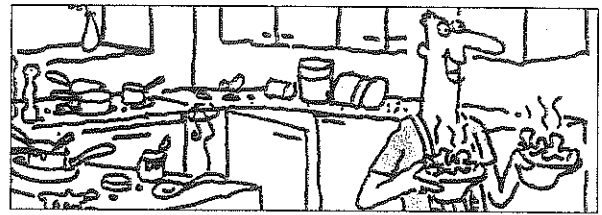


- a Complete the questions and answers with the present perfect continuous or present perfect simple and *for* or *since*.



- 1 A How long have they been playing together?
(they / play together)
B They 've been playing together since
1985.
- 2 A How long _____?
(it / rain)
B It _____
yesterday morning.
- 3 A How long _____?
(you / have that jacket)
B Let me think. I _____
_____ ten years.
- 4 A How long _____?
(he / work here)
B He _____ he left
school.
- 5 A How long _____?
(they / be married)
B They _____
60 years.
- 6 A How long _____?
(you / learn Russian)
B I _____ three
years.

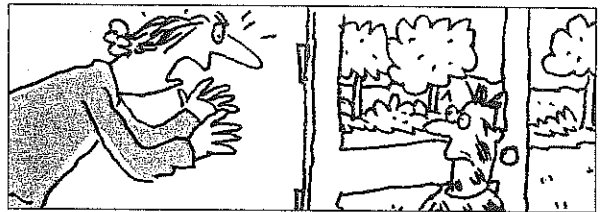
- b Look at the pictures. What have they been doing?
Write present perfect continuous sentences.



- 1 He's been cooking.



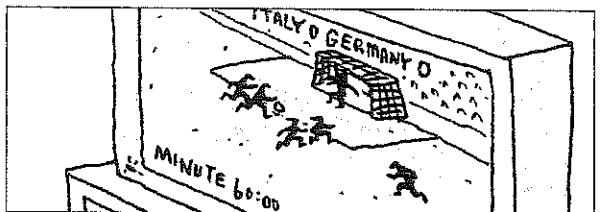
- 2 Sorry I'm late. _____ for a
long time?



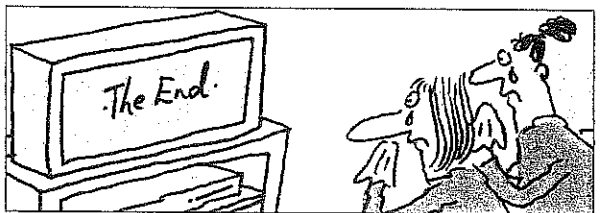
- 3 You're filthy. What _____?



- 4 I'm exhausted. _____ all
morning.



- 5 They _____ for an hour.

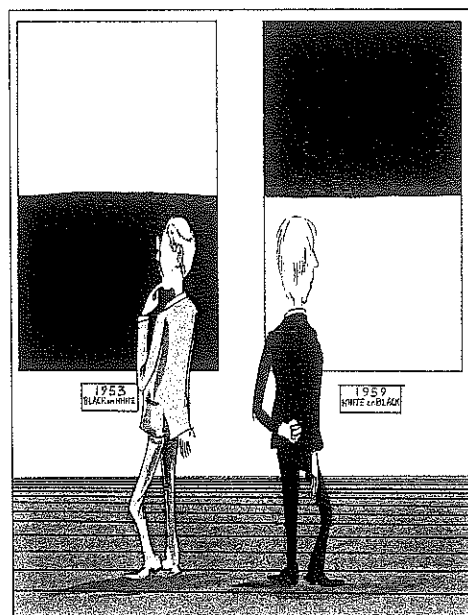


- 6 They _____.

- c Cover the sentences. Look at the pictures and
remember the sentences.

- Tick (✓) the sentences that are right and correct the wrong ones.

- 1 This painting looks ^{the same as} ~~the same than~~ the other one.
- 2 Coffee makes you **nervouser** than tea.
- 3 Chile is **the most beautiful country** I've ever been to.
- 4 He doesn't speak English as **well** as his wife.
- 5 Are those jeans new? They're **more nice than** your other ones.
- 6 Her last novel was **the worse** one she has written.
- 7 Rugby players earn **less money than** footballers.
- 8 This club is very expensive. Shall we go somewhere **a bit cheaper?**
- 9 Do you think Americans **work harder than** British people?
- 10 Madison is **more lazy than** her sister.
- 11 The USA has **the highest divorce rate of the world.**
- 12 Can you speak **slowlier** please? I can't understand you.
- 13 That was delicious. It's **the better chocolate cake** I've ever eaten.
- 14 Which athlete has won **the most Olympic medals?**
- 15 I hope this winter isn't **as cold than** the last one!
- 16 Ben is **most affectionate** of all my nieces and nephews.
- 17 July is usually **hoter than** June here.
- 18 Do girls learn languages **more easily than** boys?
- 19 I go to **the same school that** your sister.
- 20 Driving is **much more dangerous than** flying.

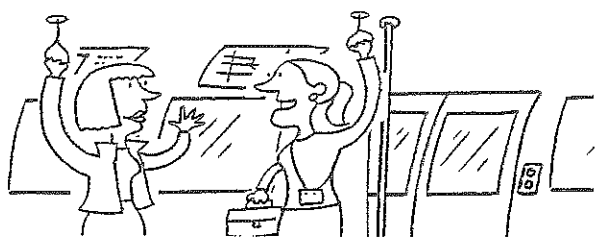


18–20 **Excellent.** You can use comparatives and superlatives very well.

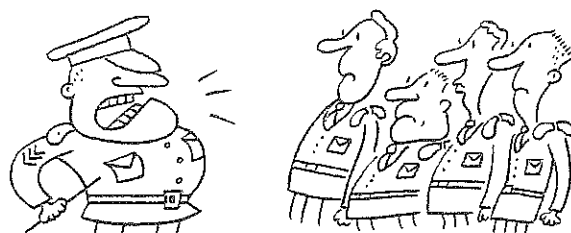
13–17 **Quite good,** but check the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.132) for any questions that you got wrong.

0–12 **This is difficult for you.** Read the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.132). Then ask your teacher for another photocopy and do the exercise again at home.

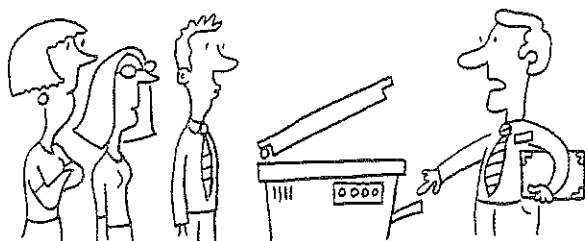
a Circle the correct verb. Tick (✓) if both are possible.



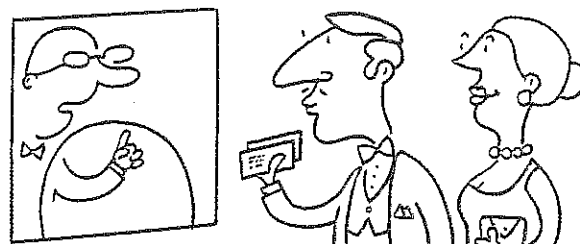
- 1 A Did you see that film last night?
B Yes, it was brilliant. You **must** / **should** go and see it. ✓



- 4 Until the early 1960s, in Britain, young men **must** / **had to** do military service.



- 2 When you open the photocopier, you **mustn't** / **don't have to** touch this part here; it's very hot.



- 5 You **mustn't** / **shouldn't** be late. Once the concert has started, you can't go in.



- 3 You **must** / **have to** get a visa if you want to go to Russia.



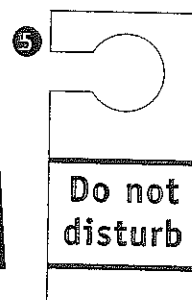
- 6 When you drive across many European Union borders, you **mustn't** / **don't have to** show your passport.

b Complete the sentences with *must*, *mustn't*, *have to*, *don't have to*, *should*, or *shouldn't*.

- 1 You have to pay for food and drinks separately.
- 2 You should leave a tip in this restaurant.
- 3 You should fasten your seat belt now.
- 4 You should drink this wine at between 14 and 16°C.
- 5 Hotel staff mustn't go into this room.
- 6 If you're in transit, you should go to the Alitalia desk.
- 7 You shouldn't eat this after March 4th.
- 8 You should have any experience to work here.

1 Please pay for food and drink separately

2 Service included.
Tip optional



6 Transit passengers please report to British Airways desk

7 Best consumed before March 4th

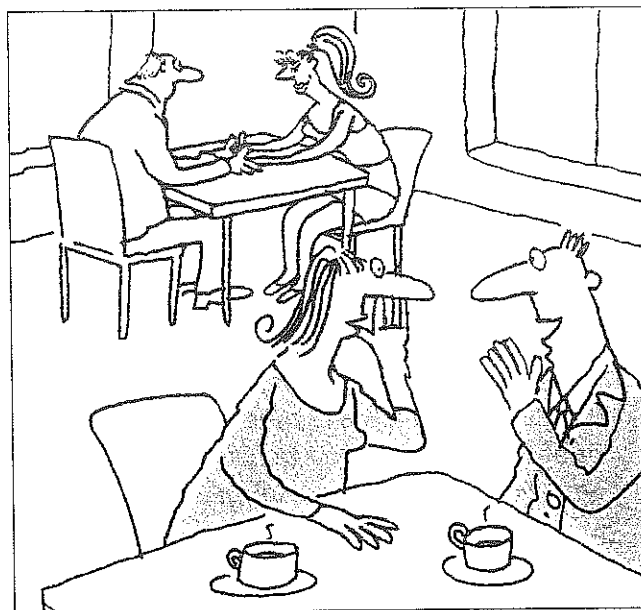
8 Sales assistants required.
No experience necessary

a Circle the correct verbs.

A Isn't that Grant Duncan, over there?

B No, it ¹can't / must be. He lives in New York now.

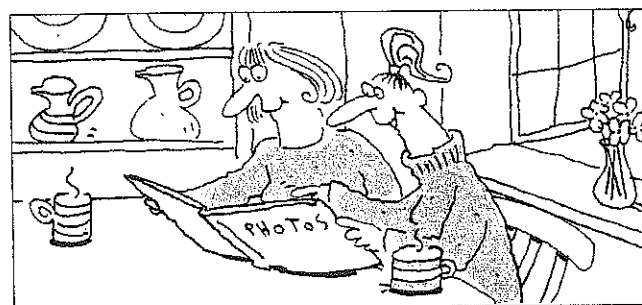
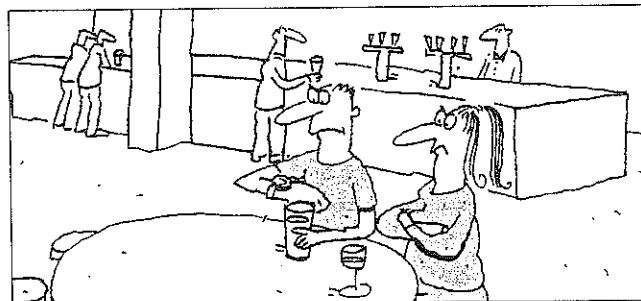
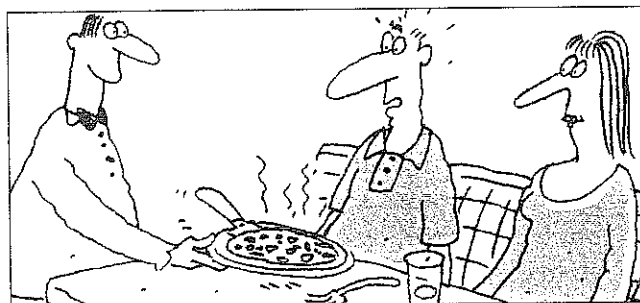
A I'm sure it's Grant.

B Well, I suppose it ²can't / might be him. But his hair is very grey. Grant doesn't have grey hair.A But it ³must / can't be three years since we last saw him. A man's hair can go grey in three years.B Who's the woman he's with? She ⁴can't / mightn't be his wife, can she?A No, I'm sure it isn't his wife. I think it ⁵may / can't be his daughter. She looks just like him. Shall we go and say hello?b Complete the dialogues with *must, might, might not, or can't*.1 A This pizza can't be for me. It looks like a Margherita and I ordered a Four Seasons.B It must be mine, then. I ordered a Margherita.

2 A What time is Jane coming?

B She wasn't sure. She's working late. She said she might be here until 8.30 or 9.00.A She must be very busy, then.

3 A Which city is this?

B I'm not sure. It might be Rome.A No, it can't be Italy. The street sign is in French.B It must be Paris, then. That's the only place I've been to in France.

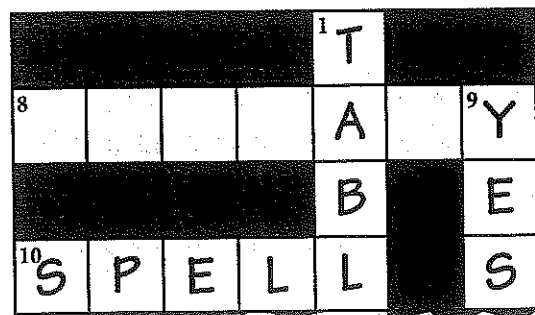
4 A Can you help me finish this crossword?

I can't do eight across.

B Let's see. An animal found in Australia.

It must be kangaroo or maybe crocodile.B It can't be kangaroo. It ends in a y. I know!It must be wallaby.

A That's right. Well done!



- a Circle the correct verbs. Tick (✓) if both are possible.

Tango dancing

I decided to try to learn tango about six months ago. I've never ¹(been able to) / could dance well, though both my parents are good dancers. I thought: well, if they ²could / were able to do it, I should ³can / be able to learn, too. But the tango's not an easy dance to learn, because the steps aren't fixed, and every eight steps the man has to decide what move he's going to make, and he has to ⁴can / be able to transmit that to his partner. My first partner and I ⁵weren't able to / couldn't understand each other at all, so she changed partner. I think my new partner understands me better, so I hope we ⁶will can / will be able to dance well soon.



Irish

As my family's Irish, I thought I should learn to speak the language. I found a school and started going to classes, but the first problem was that I ⁷couldn't / wasn't able to go to class every week, and the second was that it's a very difficult language. Also I ⁸wasn't able to / couldn't find the time to do much homework, and trying to learn a language without ⁹can / being able to study between classes is almost impossible. If ¹⁰I can / I'm able to find time to go to Ireland in the summer, I'll definitely try again.



- b Complete the sentences where possible with *can* / *can't* or *could* / *couldn't*.
If neither is possible, complete with a form of *be able to*.

- 1 I started reading *War and Peace*, but I couldn't finish it. It was too long.
- 2 I've invited Mark to the party, but I don't think he'll _____ come.
- 3 You _____ park there. There's not enough room.
- 4 I want to buy a new car next year, but I haven't _____ save much money yet.
- 5 He _____ play the piano when he was only four years old.
- 6 If that car was a bit cheaper, I'd _____ buy it.
- 7 I like _____ do what I want when I'm on holiday.
- 8 We don't have to buy the tickets now – we _____ get them on the train.
- 9 I didn't enjoy the film because I _____ understand what was going on.
- 10 Excuse me, do you think you _____ help me with my cases?
- 11 We won't _____ meet tonight, I'm working.

- Complete the emails with the verbs in the correct form: present simple, imperative, or *will* + infinitive.

Time: 23.05
Sender: Corinne
Subject: Final exams!

Hi Elena,

How's it going? I'm studying hard, but I need a break. We could meet tomorrow night for dinner. I ¹ 'll call
(call) you when I ² _____ (finish) class tomorrow, OK?

Love, Corinne

Time: 23.07
Sender: Elena
Subject: RE: Final exams!

Hi Corinne,

I'm studying too. My first exam is tomorrow afternoon. I'm really worried about it. OK for tomorrow night, but not too early. I ³ _____ (text) you when the exam ⁴ _____ (finish).

Love, Elena

Time: 23.08
Sender: Corinne
Subject: RE: Final exams!

OK. ⁵ _____ (come) to my place as soon as you ⁶ _____ (can). We can phone for a takeaway pizza or something.

Time: 23.09
Sender: Elena
Subject: RE: Final exams!

OK, but ⁷ _____ (not phone) until I ⁸ _____ (get) there. I might be late. I've been thinking, if you ⁹ _____ (be) free when all our exams ¹⁰ _____ (be) over in June, why don't we go away for a few days?

Time: 23.10
Sender: Corinne
Subject: RE: Final exams!

Great idea! But I ¹¹ _____ (not be able to) go away unless I ¹² _____ (pass) all the exams! We can talk about it when we ¹³ _____ (meet) here tomorrow night.

Time: 23.11
Sender: Elena
Subject: RE: Final exams!

OK. Time to go back to work. If I ¹⁴ _____ (not study) a bit more tonight, I ¹⁵ _____ (not have) any chance of passing biology tomorrow. See you tomorrow, and wish me luck!

- a** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets to make second conditional sentences.

- 1 I wouldn't be (not be) so broke if I spent (spend) a bit less on going out.
- 2 If I _____ (have) more money, I _____ (can) travel next summer.
- 3 My parents _____ (be) happier if I _____ (not go out) so much.
- 4 Maybe if I _____ (share) a flat with friends, I _____ (get on) better with my parents.
- 5 If I _____ (go) to bed earlier, I _____ (not be) so tired all the time.
- 6 If I _____ (paint) my room white, then it _____ (not look) so depressing.
- 7 I _____ (feel) a lot better if I _____ (go) to the gym more.
- 8 I _____ (not argue) with my brother if he _____ (not borrow) my things all the time.
- 9 If my girlfriend _____ (not have to) work so hard, we _____ (can) see each other more often.
- 10 If I _____ (do) something with my life instead of just thinking about it, maybe things _____ (improve).



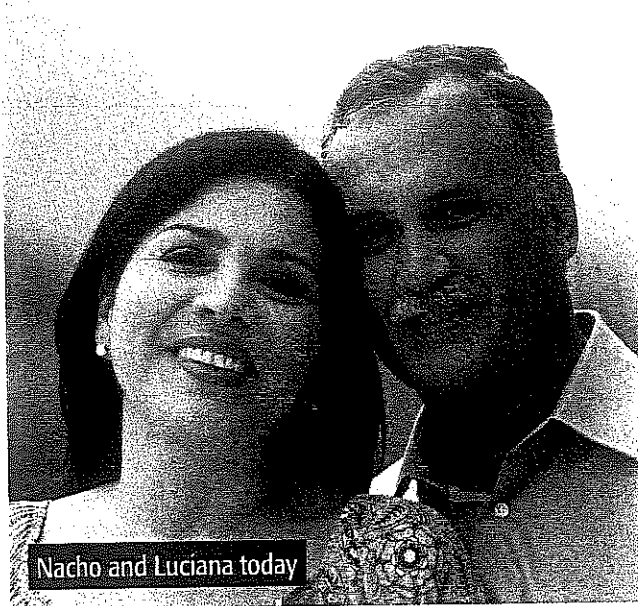
- b** First or second conditional? Complete the sentences with a verb from the list in the correct form.

can be ~~catch~~ not drive not eat not have look have not reduce see

- 1 If we hurry, we'll catch the earlier train. It leaves in three minutes.
- 2 If it wasn't so windy, we _____ have lunch in the garden.
- 3 They'll never sell their house if they _____ the price.
- 4 If you _____ James, tell him to phone me. I need to speak to him urgently.
- 5 If I _____ you, I'd buy the black dress. It's much more 'you'.
- 6 He won't pass his driving test if he _____ a few more lessons.
- 7 If I _____ more time, I'd do it myself.
- 8 I _____ to work if public transport was better in this town.
- 9 Gavin _____ that soup if it has meat in it. He's a strict vegetarian.
- 10 Your sister _____ much better if she cut her hair a bit shorter.



Nacho and Luciana as students



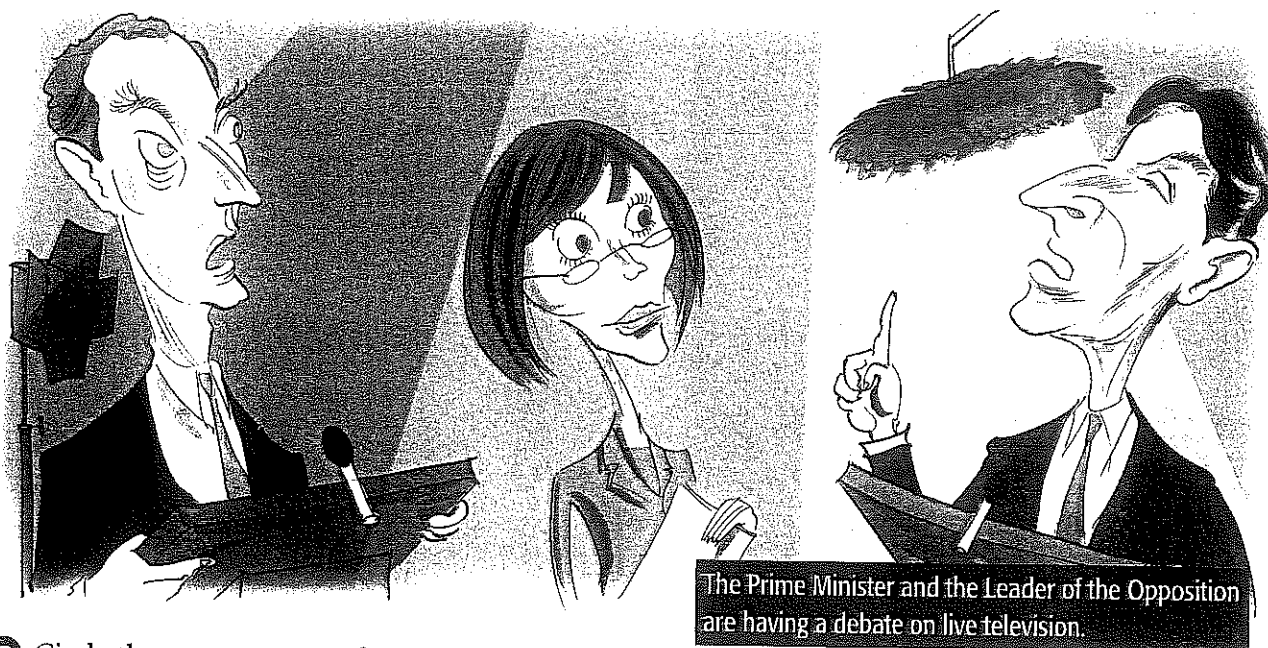
Nacho and Luciana today

● Look at the table and complete the sentences with a correct form of *used to* or the present simple.

	then	now
Occupation	university students	Nacho: journalist, Luciana: psychologist
Residence	Buenos Aires, Argentina	Barcelona, Spain
Hopes and dreams	go into politics	that their son is happy and successful
Personality	relaxed, quite lazy	very worried about work; hard-working
House	shared a flat with other students	apartment, with 18-year-old son
Holidays	hitchhiking	go to small apartment on the Costa Brava
Musical tastes	pop and rock; Luciana: disco	jazz, classical, tango
Vehicle	bikes; Nacho: an old scooter	cars; son has motorbike
Clothes	informal	similar, but more expensive taste
Body type	slim	getting a bit overweight
Food	vegetarians	omnivores
Friends	lots of friends	just a few close friends

- Nacho works as a journalist.
- They _____ in Argentina any more.
- They _____ of going into politics.
- They _____ quite lazy.
- They _____ about work.
- They _____ a flat with other students.
- They _____ hitchhiking any more.
- Luciana _____ listening to jazz.
- They _____ bikes any more.
- Nacho _____ an old scooter.
- They _____ more on clothes than before.
- Luciana _____ overweight.
- They _____ meat, but they do now.
- They _____ lots of friends.

work
not live
dream
be
not worry
share
not go
not like
not ride
ride
spend
not be
eat
have



a Circle the correct answer for each gap.

A After four years in government, what have you done? Look at the state of the country: there isn't money for pensions, there's unemployment, and children are failing at school.

B Our problem is that we have had very time to repair the damage that your government did before us. people were happy with the Education system when you were in government? !

A Nonsense! You don't know what you're doing! And people in your own party are now saying that, too. You say you haven't had ? I say you don't have ideas!

B We have of ideas, and they're working! years ago our economy was getting worse; not any more. We have very unemployment now, compared to when you were in government. The people of this country are intelligent to believe your ideas again.

A Really? Well, I think very of them will be convinced by your arguments.

B The problem is that your party spends time insulting the government, and not time thinking of new ideas.

C Thank you very much, gentlemen I'm afraid we have more time today...

1 no / enough

2 too many / too much

3 a lot of / a lot

4 few / little

5 How much / How many

6 Any / None

7 much / a lot of

8 enough time / time enough

9 any / no

10 plenty / many

11 A few / A little

12 few / little

13 enough / too

14 few / little

15 too much / too

16 many / enough

17 any / no

b Now cover the words and look at the conversation. Try to remember the missing words.

● Complete the texts with *a, an, the, or –* (no article).

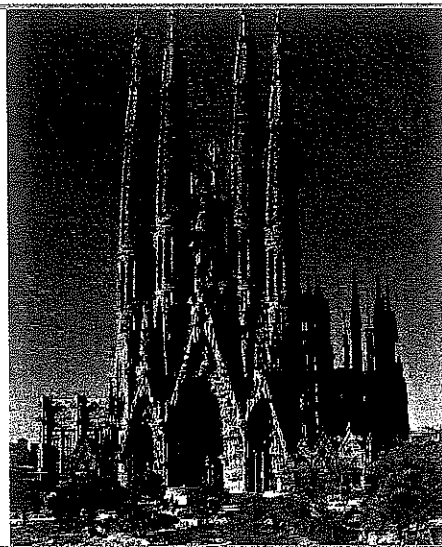
a

Flat to rent

Located close to Gaudí's masterpiece, ¹ the Sagrada Familia, this apartment was built in 1993 and is ideal for three people.

There are two bedrooms, one with ² _____ double bed and one with ³ _____ single bed. ⁴ _____ windows of ⁵ _____ large bedroom look onto ⁶ _____ small terrace. ⁷ _____ living room also has ⁸ _____ terrace, with ⁹ _____ table and ¹⁰ _____ chairs so you can have ¹¹ _____ breakfast in ¹² _____ sun.

¹³ _____ apartment has ¹⁴ _____ air conditioning and central heating.



b

Move your account to **24/7**

24/7 is ¹ _____ one of Europe's leading 24-hour personal banks. You can take care of all your banking needs by ² _____ telephone or online, at ³ _____ time and place that is convenient for you, 24 hours ⁴ _____ day, 365 days ⁵ _____ year. We haven't closed since ⁶ _____ day we opened in 2004. Our friendly and professional staff are always here to help you. You can call or just click to check your account, pay ⁷ _____ bill, or arrange ⁸ _____ personal loan.

Why not do it today? Just complete ⁹ _____ application form below and return it to: **24/7**, FREEPOST, Manchester MA98 2AJ.

c

Hi Marian,

Hope all is well. Here ¹ _____ life is a bit hectic. Jim and I are really busy at ² _____ work – we hardly ever have time to talk to each other. ³ _____ children are all busy too. Mark has his driving test ⁴ _____ next Thursday. He should pass, because he has lessons three times ⁵ _____ week. Tom is working hard at ⁶ _____ school – he has suddenly decided he wants to be ⁷ _____ doctor! What ⁸ _____ surprise! Anna is fine – she's just finished ⁹ _____ primary school. I must say she is definitely ¹⁰ _____ easiest of the three. I suppose that's because she's ¹¹ _____ girl. There's no question that ¹² _____ girls are less work than ¹³ _____ boys.

Can't write more just now, I've got to go to ¹⁴ _____ shops before they close.

Love, Sue

a Circle the correct form.

JENNY So how's it going with Luke?

EMILY Well, not bad. He's given up ¹smoking / to smoke , so that's good.

JENNY What about his friends?

EMILY They're OK. I don't mind ²to spend / spending time with them. They're quite nice really.

JENNY But?

EMILY The thing is, although he says I'm easy ³to talk / talking to, we don't seem ⁴to be able / being able to communicate very well.

JENNY For example?

EMILY Well, it's difficult ⁵to explain / explaining. But for example, when I suggested ⁶to go / going away together, he was very enthusiastic, but when my family invited us ⁷spending / to spend a week in France with them, he said 'no', but he didn't say why. I need ⁸knowing / to know where this relationship is going.JENNY Well, you need ⁹to ask / asking him. Don't expect him ¹⁰to read / reading your mind. Men aren't very good at ¹¹to guess / guessing what other people are thinking.EMILY Well, I tried ¹²to do / doing that last Saturday oh, there's my phone. Oh, it's him. Hi, Luke...

b Complete the dialogue with the verbs in the gerund or infinitive with to.

ALEX So, have you decided ¹to ask (ask) her, Luke?LUKE Well, I was planning ²to do (do) it yesterday, but then I didn't. What if she says 'no'? ³to get (get) engaged is such a big step. She might think it's too soon. I'm worried about ⁴to lose (lose) her.ALEX You can't afford ⁵to wait (wait) for ever. You love her, don't you?LUKE Er, yes, of course. And I love ⁶to be (be) with her, I can't stop ⁷to think (think) about her.

ALEX Then do it. Phone her now. Invite her out for meal, somewhere really romantic.

LUKE You're right. I'll phone her now. ...Hi, Emily. I just called ⁸to ask (ask) you if you're doing anything on Friday night. Would you like ⁹to go (go) out for a meal?...At Café du Marché...OK. Great. I'll pick you up at 8.00...No, I won't forget ¹⁰to book (book) a table...

c Complete with to go or go.

- 1 I really should go now. It's getting late.
- 2 I have to go to the bank before it closes.
- 3 When I was a child I used to go to the beach every summer.
- 4 Shall I go to the supermarket, or will you?
- 5 My dad won't let me go to the Halloween party tonight.
- 6 Will you be able to go to the party next weekend?
- 7 My parents always made me go to bed early.

- a** Read the journalist's interview. Then complete her report with the **bold** verbs in the correct tense.

JOURNALIST Dr Makele, now you said recently in New York that big changes are necessary if we want to avoid a global catastrophe. What changes were you thinking of?

DR MAKELE Well, firstly, we ¹**cannot** continue to use up the world's natural resources at the present rate. Secondly, the richer countries ²**will have to** allow developing countries to export more. And thirdly, we ³**are going to** have to devote more resources to fighting diseases such as AIDS.

JOURNALIST And how ⁴**can this** be done, Dr Makele?

DR MAKELE Well, ⁵**I've just come** from a top-level meeting in Mexico City and there we ⁶**agreed** on a series of proposals to take to next month's G8 meeting in Berlin. I ⁷**hope** the richer nations ⁸**will agree** to help eliminate poverty in the next 20 years. At the same time, we ⁹**must** promote responsible government in the developing world.



'Dr Paul Makele of the United Nations told me that we ¹ could not continue to use up the world's natural resources. He said that rich countries ² _____ allow developing countries to export more. He added that we ³ _____ have to devote more resources to fighting AIDS.

When I asked him how ⁴ _____ be done, he said that he ⁵ _____ from a top-level meeting in Mexico City where they ⁶ _____ on a series of proposals to take to next month's G8 summit in Berlin. Dr Makele said that he ⁷ _____ the richer nations ⁸ _____ to help eliminate poverty in the next 20 years. He said that we ⁹ _____ promote responsible government in the developing world.

- b** Write some other questions journalists asked Dr Makele in reported speech.

BBC Who do you think will be the next President of the UN?

1 The BBC asked Dr Makele _____.

FOX Will more countries be present at the next meeting?

2 Fox News asked him _____.

RTVE Have you discussed this with the US president?

3 RTVE asked him _____.

RAI What should the rich countries do to eliminate world poverty?

4 RAI asked him _____.

- c** Complete the reported imperatives / requests using *asked* or *told*.

Can you put your seatbelts on, please?

1 The pilot _____ us _____.

Don't worry, Toni. Alex is only a friend.

2 She _____ her boyfriend _____ because Alex was only a friend.

Don't cheat!

3 The teacher _____ us _____.

Can you slow down, please?

4 He _____ his friend _____.

Please don't tell anybody.

5 My friend _____ me _____ anybody.

- a Complete the sentences by putting the verbs into the correct passive tense.

DID YOU KNOW...?

- 1 The country with the smallest film industry is Iceland, where only three films are made every year. (make)
- 2 More than 26,000 costumes were used in the 1963 film *Cleopatra*. (use)
- 3 In the near future more films will be shown on computers than at the cinema. (see)
- 4 The most filmed character is Sherlock Holmes. Until now, more than 200 different films have been made about him. (make)
- 5 Spielberg's film *The Color Purple* was nominated for 11 Oscars in 1985, but didn't win any. (nominate)
- 6 Macaulay Culkin was paid \$4.5 million dollars for his role in *Home Alone* in 1990. (pay) This was a record for a child at the time.
- 7 The director Stanley Kubrick died while his film *Artificial Intelligence* was being made. Spielberg was asked to finish the film. (ask)
- 8 When the actress Marilyn Monroe died of a drugs overdose in 1962, many people believed that she was murdered by the CIA. (murder)
- 9 Over 300,000 extras were used for the crowd scenes in the film *Gandhi*. (use)
- 10 At this very moment, thousands of films are being made all over the world. (make)



- b Active or passive? Circle the correct form.

Films to collect on DVD: *The Piano*

The Piano ¹won / was won the Palme d'Or at the Cannes Film Festival in 1993. It ²directed / was directed by Jane Campion, and it starred Holly Hunter and Harvey Keitel. It ³set / is set in New Zealand in the 19th century, and is about a Scottish woman, Ada, who ⁴sends / is sent there by her parents to marry a local man. She only ⁵takes / is taken two things with her: her daughter and her piano. Ada never ⁶speaks / is spoken, and has a very unhappy time with her new husband, who is a violent man. Ada ⁷falls / is fallen in love with a neighbour and finally she ⁸rescues / is rescued by him from her husband, and in her new life she ⁹learns / is learned to speak again. The unforgettable soundtrack ¹⁰wrote / was written by Michael Nyman, and millions of copies of the CD ¹¹have sold / have been sold all over the world.



- a Complete the text with *who*, *which*, *where*, or *whose*.

A place? A song? A number? An object? A person? An animal? A shop? A photo?

We ask readers to tell us about things which have a special meaning for them. This week, the TV actor Gavin Jones.

'Well, I've chosen Paris because it's the place ¹ where I lived for the first ten years of my life. A song? Well, that has to be Eurythmics singing *Sweet dreams are made of this* because it was the song ² _____ was playing in the background in the pub at the exact moment when I met my girlfriend. My number is 13. It's a number ³ _____ some people think is unlucky, but it's my date of birth and it's lucky for me. For the object in my house I have chosen an antique camera ⁴ _____ was a present from my parents. The person is Kenneth Branagh. He's the actor ⁵ _____ inspired me when I was a student. My animal is a cat, because they are the animals ⁶ _____ I like most in the world. A shop? That was easy – one called Blackwell's, in Oxford Street in London, because it's the place ⁷ _____ I worked for a year after finishing university. And the last thing is a photo, a photo of someone ⁸ _____ is very important in my life but ⁹ _____ name I'm not going to tell you.'



- b In which sentences could you also use *that*?
- c In which sentences could you leave out *who*, *which*, etc.?
- d Combine the two sentences using a non-defining relative clause.
- Our neighbours are both chemists. They work for the same pharmaceutical company.
Our neighbours, who are both chemists, work for the same pharmaceutical company.
 - Pablo Picasso's best-known painting is *Guernica*. He was born in Málaga in 1881.
Pablo Picasso, _____, was born in Málaga in 1881.
 - Canberra is the capital of Australia. It's smaller than Sydney and Melbourne.
Canberra, _____, is smaller than Sydney and Melbourne.
 - Our local post office has closed down. I used to work there.
Our local post office, _____, has closed down.
 - Mrs Bradbury is my mother's best friend. Her daughter is the local doctor.
Mrs Bradbury, _____, is my mother's best friend.
 - George Best was possibly the most talented British footballer of his generation. He died in 2005.
George Best, _____, was possibly the most talented British footballer of his generation.
 - The hurricane caused millions of dollars' worth of damage. It was the worst for over 75 years.
The hurricane, _____, caused millions of dollars' worth of damage.
 - My sister is a clothes designer. She's opening her own company next month.
My sister, _____, is opening her own company next month.